

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

STAMCOLL AS

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:

Sealant
Sector of use [SU]:
SU22 - Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)
Uses advised against:
No information available at present.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

GERGE FERRARI, Wasterkingergweg 2, 8193 Eglisau, Switzerland
Phone: 0041 44 868 2626, Fax: 0041 44 8682727
tim.schubert@sergeferrari.com

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information services / official advisory body:

Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:
+49 89 19240 (D-81675 Munich, 24 hour)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

The mixture is not classified as dangerous in the terms of the Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP).

2.2 Label elements

Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

EUH210-Safety data sheet available on request.

2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).
The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substance

n.a.

3.2 Mixture

Trimethoxyvinylsilane	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119513215-52-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	220-449-8
CAS	2768-02-7
content %	1-5
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.
The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!
For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

First-aiders should ensure they are protected!
Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

Inhalation

Remove person from danger area.
Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.

Skin contact

Wipe off residual product carefully with a soft, dry cloth.
Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

Unsuitable cleaning product:

Solvent
Thinners

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses.
Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

Ingestion

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.
Give copious water to drink - consult doctor immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.
In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

n.c.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

CO2
Extinction powder
Water jet spray
Large fire:
Water jet spray / alcohol resistant foam

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:

Oxides of carbon
Toxic gases

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
Protective respirator with independent air supply.
According to size of fire
Full protection, if necessary.
Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure sufficient supply of air.
Avoid contact with eyes or skin.
If applicable, caution - risk of slipping.

6.2 Environmental precautions

If leakage occurs, dam up.
Resolve leaks if this possible without risk.
Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.
Prevent from entering drainage system.
If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth, sawdust) and dispose of according to Section 13.

Or:

Pick up mechanically and dispose of according to Section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1 General recommendations

Ensure good ventilation.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Avoid long lasting or intensive contact with skin.
Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.
Observe directions on label and instructions for use.

7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store product closed and only in original packaging.
Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.

Store cool.

Store in a dry place.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

The methanol listed below can arise upon contact with water.

Chemical Name	Calcium carbonate	Content %:
WEL-TWA: 4 mg/m3 (respirable dust), 10 mg/m3 (total inhalable dust)	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	---	---
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	---

Chemical Name	Methanol	Content %:
WEL-TWA: 200 ppm (266 mg/m3) (WEL), 200 ppm (260 mg/m3) (EU)	WEL-STEL: 250 ppm (333 mg/m3) (WEL)	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-119 SA (549 640) - Compur - KITA-119 U (549 657) - Draeger - Alcohol 25/a Methanol (81 01 631) - DFG (D) (Loesungsmittelgemische 6), DFG (E) (Solvent mixtures 6) - 1998, 2002 - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 65-1 (2004) - Draeger - Alcohol 100/a (CH 29 701)	---
BMGV: ---	Other information: Sk (WEL, EU)	---

Chemical Name	Diisononyl phthalate	Content %:
WEL-TWA: 5 mg/m3	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	---	---
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	---

Chemical Name	Silica, amorphous	Content %:
WEL-TWA: 6 mg/m3 (total inh. dust), 2,4 mg/m3 (resp. dust)	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	---	---
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	---

WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany). (8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period). (8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.
** = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.

8.2 Exposure controls

Trimethoxyvinylsilane						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,34	mg/l	

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,034	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	3,4	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	110	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	0,27	mg/kg	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,12	mg/kg	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,046	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	26,9	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	93,4	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,3	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1,04	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,3	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,69	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	4,9	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,69	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	4,9	mg/kg	

Calcium carbonate						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	100	mg/l	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	10	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	1,06	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	10	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	4,26	mg/m3	

Methanol						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	154	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	15,4	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	570,4	mg/kg	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	57,04	mg/kg	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	23,5	mg/kg	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	1540	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	100	mg/l	
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	20,8	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	2,08	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment		PNEC	77	mg/kg	
	Environment - sediment		PNEC	7,7	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	50	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	8	mg/kg body weight/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	50	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	8	mg/kg body weight/day	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	8	mg/kg body weight/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	50	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	8	mg/kg body weight/day	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	40	mg/kg body weight/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	260	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	260	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	40	mg/kg body weight/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	260	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	260	mg/m3	

Diisononyl phthalate

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - soil		PNEC	30	mg/kg	
	Environment - oral (animal feed)		PNEC	150	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	15,3	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	220	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	4,4	mg/kg	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	366	mg/kg	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	51,72	mg/m3	

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction. If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.

Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here. Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.

These are specified by e.g. BS EN 14042.

BS EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:

Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:

Chemical resistant protective gloves (EN 374).

If applicable

Safety gloves made of butyl (EN 374)

Protective Neoprene® / polychloroprene gloves (EN 374).

Protective nitrile gloves (EN 374)

Minimum layer thickness in mm:

0,5

Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:

>= 240

The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 16523-1 were not obtained under practical conditions.

The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.

Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:

Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:

Normally not necessary.

Thermal hazards:

Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.

In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.

Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.

Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.

Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.

The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:

Pastelike, Liquid

Colour:

According to specification

Odour:

Characteristic

Odour threshold:

Not determined

pH-value:

n.a.

Melting point/freezing point:

Not determined

Initial boiling point and boiling range:

Not determined

Flash point:

Not determined

Evaporation rate:

Not determined

Flammability (solid, gas):

Not determined

Lower explosive limit:

Not determined

Upper explosive limit:

Not determined

Vapour pressure:

Not determined

Vapour density (air = 1):

Not determined

Density:

1,43 - 1,44 g/cm3 (20°C)

Bulk density:

n.a.

Solubility(ies):

Not determined

Water solubility:

Insoluble

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):

Not determined

Auto-ignition temperature:

Not determined

Decomposition temperature:

Not determined

Viscosity:

Not determined

Explosive properties:

Product is not explosive.

Oxidising properties:

No

9.2 Other information

Miscibility:

Not determined

Fat solubility / solvent:

Not determined

Conductivity:

Not determined

Surface tension:

Not determined

Solvents content:

Not determined

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product has not been tested.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable with proper storage and handling.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

reacts with water

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Strong heat

Moisture

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II
 Revision date / version: 01.03.2018 / 0001
 Replacing version dated / version: 01.03.2018 / 0001
 Valid from: 01.03.2018
 PDF print date: 12.06.2018
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10.5 Incompatible materials

None known

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

In case of contact with water:

Methanol

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

STAMCOLL AS						
Toxicity / effect	Endpo int	Value	Unit	Organis m	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	>20	mg/l/4h			calculated value, Aerosol, Vapours
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.
Other information:						Classification according to calculation procedure.

Trimethoxyvinylsilane						
Toxicity / effect	Endpo int	Value	Unit	Organis m	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	7120	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	3200	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LD50	2773	ppm/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Aerosol
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	16,8	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Vapours
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Slightly irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Not sensitising
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:						Negative
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAE L	1000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Develo. Tox. Screening Test)	Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	NOAE C	0,058		Rat	OECD 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity - 90-Day Study)	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	NOAE L	10	mg/l	Rat	OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Develo. Tox. Screening Test)	Vapours
Symptoms:						drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, abdominal pain, breathing difficulties, visual disturbances

Calcium carbonate						
Toxicity / effect	Endpo int	Value	Unit	Organis m	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 420 (Acute Oral toxicity - Fixed Dose Procedure)	

Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>3	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	Not sensitising
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:						No indications of such an effect.
Reproductive toxicity:	NOEL	1000	mg/kg bw/d	Rat	OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Develo. Tox. Screening Test)	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						No indications of such an effect.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						No indications of such an effect.
Aspiration hazard:						No
Symptoms:						No indications of such an effect.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOAE L	1000	mg/kg bw/d	Rat	OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Develo. Tox. Screening Test)	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAE C	0,212	mg/l	Rat	OECD 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity - 90-Day Study)	

Methanol						
Toxicity / effect	Endpo int	Value	Unit	Organis m	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	ATE	300	mg/kg	Human being		Experiences on persons.
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	17100	mg/kg	Rabbit		Does not conform with EU classification.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	85	mg/l/4h	Rat		Not relevant for classification, Vapours
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Mild irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Not sensitising
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Symptoms:						abdominal pain, vomiting, headaches, gastrointestinal disturbances, drowsiness, visual disturbances, watering eyes, nausea, mental confusion

Diisononyl phthalate						
Toxicity / effect	Endpo int	Value	Unit	Organis m	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>10000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>3160	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>4,4	mg/l/4h	Rat		Aerosol

Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						Not sensitising
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mammalian		No indications of such an effect.
Carcinogenicity:						No indications of such an effect.
Reproductive toxicity:						No indications of such an effect.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						No indications of such an effect.
Symptoms:						diarrhoea, nausea and vomiting.

Silica, amorphous						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	> 2000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>0,691	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Aspiration hazard:						No

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

STAMCOLLAS							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							n.d.a.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
12.6. Other adverse effects:							n.d.a.

Trimethoxyvinylsilane							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>=100	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	191	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	168,7	mg/l	Daphnia magna	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 C.2 (DAPHNIA SP. ACUTE IMMOBILISATION TEST)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/N OEL	72h	>957	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus		88/302/EC
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	IC50	72h	>100	mg/l	Selenastrum capricornutum		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>957	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d				OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)	Readily biodegradable

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50		>2500	mg/l	activated sludge		

Calcium carbonate							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h			Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	No observation with saturated solution of test material.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h			Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	No observation with saturated solution of test material.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>14	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/N OEL	72h	14	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Not relevant for inorganic substances
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							Not to be expected
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	3h	>1000	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	
Toxicity to bacteria:	NOEC/N OEL	3h	1000	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	
Other organisms:	EC50	21d	>1000	mg/kg dw		OECD 208 (Terrestrial Plants, Growth Test)	Glycine max
Other organisms:	EC50	21d	>1000	mg/kg dw		OECD 208 (Terrestrial Plants, Growth Test)	Lycopersicon esculentum
Other organisms:	EC50	21d	>1000	mg/kg dw		OECD 208 (Terrestrial Plants, Growth Test)	Avena sativa
Other organisms:	NOEC/N OEL	21d	1000	mg/kg dw		OECD 208 (Terrestrial Plants, Growth Test)	Glycine max
Other organisms:	NOEC/N OEL	21d	1000	mg/kg dw		OECD 208 (Terrestrial Plants, Growth Test)	Lycopersicon esculentum
Other organisms:	NOEC/N OEL	21d	1000	mg/kg dw		OECD 208 (Terrestrial Plants, Growth Test)	Avena sativa
Other organisms:	EC50	14d	>1000	mg/kg dw	Eisenia foetida	OECD 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests)	
Other organisms:	NOEC/N OEL	14d	1000	mg/kg dw	Eisenia foetida	OECD 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests)	
Other organisms:	EC50	28d	>1000	mg/kg dw		OECD 216 (Soil Microorganisms - Nitrogen Transformation Test)	
Other organisms:	NOEC/N OEL	28d	1000	mg/kg dw		OECD 216 (Soil Microorganisms - Nitrogen Transformation Test)	
Water solubility:			0,0166	g/l		OECD 105 (Water Solubility)	20°C

Methanol

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	154 00	mg/l	Lepomis macrochirus		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>10 000	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	99	%		OECD 301 D (Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		284 00		Chlorella vulgaris		
Other information:	DOC		<70	%			
Other information:	BOD		>60	%			

Diisononyl phthalate							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>10 2	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	92/69/EC	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>74	mg/l	Daphnia magna	92/69/EC	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/N OEL	21d	>10 1	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/N OEL	72h	88	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>88	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus	84/449/EEC C.3	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	81	%	activated sludge	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 C.4-C (DETERMINATION OF 'READY BIODEGRADABILITY - CO2 EVOLUTION TEST)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		8,8- 10,7				calculated value
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF	14d	<3				Analogous conclusion
12.4. Mobility in soil:	Koc		>50 00				
12.4. Mobility in soil:	H (Henry)		0,00 000 149	atm* m3/mol			
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	30min	>83, 9	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	
Other organisms:	NOEC/N OEL	56d	>98 2,4	mg/kg	Eisenia foetida		
Other organisms:	LC50	14d	>73 72	mg/kg	Eisenia foetida	OECD 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests)	

Silica, amorphous							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>10 000	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Not biodegradable

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:
 The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product. Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)
 08 04 10 waste adhesives and sealants other than those mentioned in 08 04 09
 Recommendation:
 Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.
 Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
 E.g. suitable incineration plant.
 E.g. dispose at suitable refuse site.

For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
 Empty container completely.
 Uncontaminated packaging can be recycled.
 Dispose of packaging that cannot be cleaned in the same manner as the substance.
 15 01 10 packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

General statements

14.1. UN number: n.a.
Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)
 14.2. UN proper shipping name:
 14.3. Transport hazard class(es): n.a.
 14.4. Packing group: n.a.
 Classification code: n.a.
 LQ: n.a.
 14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable
 Tunnel restriction code:
Transport by sea (IMDG-code)
 14.2. UN proper shipping name:
 14.3. Transport hazard class(es): n.a.
 14.4. Packing group: n.a.
 Marine Pollutant: n.a.
 14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable
Transport by air (IATA)
 14.2. UN proper shipping name:
 14.3. Transport hazard class(es): n.a.
 14.4. Packing group: n.a.
 14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Unless specified otherwise, general measures for safe transport must be followed.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code
 Non-dangerous material according to Transport Regulations.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Observe restrictions:
 Comply with national regulations/laws governing maternity protection (national implementation of the Directive 92/85/EEC)!
 General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): < 0,1 %

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revised sections: 1 - 16

Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):
 Not applicable

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).
 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
 H332 Harmful if inhaled.

Flam. Liq. — Flammable liquid
 Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - inhalation

Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

- AC Article Categories
- acc., acc. to according, according to
- ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
- ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
- AOEL Acceptable Operator Exposure Level
- AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds
- approx. approximately
- Art., Art. no. Article number
- ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
- BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)
- BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)
- BCF Bioconcentration factor
- BGV Berufsgenossenschaftliche Vorschrift (= Accident Prevention Regulation)
- BHT Butylhydroxytoluol (= 2,6-Di-*t*-butyl-4-methyl-phenol)
- BMGV Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40, UK)
- BOD Biochemical oxygen demand
- BSEF Bromine Science and Environmental Forum
- bw body weight
- CAS Chemical Abstracts Service
- CEC Coordinating European Council for the Development of Performance Tests for Fuels, Lubricants and Other Fluids
- CESIO Comité Européen des Agents de Surface et de leurs Intermédiaires Organiques
- CIPAC Collaborative International Pesticides Analytical Council
- CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)
- CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic
- COD Chemical oxygen demand
- CTFA Cosmetic, Toiletry, and Fragrance Association
- DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level
- DNEL Derived No Effect Level
- DOC Dissolved organic carbon
- DT50 Dwell Time - 50% reduction of start concentration
- DVS Deutscher Verband für Schweißen und verwandte Verfahren e.V. (= German Association for Welding and Allied Processes)
- dw dry weight
- e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance
- EC European Community
- ECHA European Chemicals Agency
- EEA European Economic Area
- EEC European Economic Community
- EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
- ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances
- EN European Norms
- EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)
- ERC Environmental Release Categories
- ES Exposure scenario
- etc. et cetera
- EU European Union
- EWC European Waste Catalogue
- Fax. Fax number
- gen. general
- GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- GWP Global warming potential
- HET-CAM Hen's Egg Test - Chorionallantoic Membrane
- HGWP Halocarbon Global Warming Potential
- IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
- IATA International Air Transport Association
- IBC Intermediate Bulk Container

IBC (Code)	International Bulk Chemical (Code)
IC	Inhibitory concentration
IMDG-code	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
incl.	including, inclusive
IUCLID	International Uniform Chemical Information Database
LC	lethal concentration
LC50	lethal concentration 50 percent kill
LCLo	lowest published lethal concentration
LD	Lethal Dose of a chemical
LD50	Lethal Dose, 50% kill
LDLo	Lethal Dose Low
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
LOEC	Lowest Observed Effect Concentration
LOEL	Lowest Observed Effect Level
LQ	Limited Quantities
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
n.a.	not applicable
n.av.	not available
n.c.	not checked
n.d.a.	no data available
NIOSH	National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (United States of America)
NOAEC	No Observed Adverse Effective Concentration
NOAEL	No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration
NOEL	No Observed Effect Level
ODP	Ozone Depletion Potential
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
org.	organic
PAH	polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon
PBT	persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PC	Chemical product category
PE	Polyethylene
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration
POCP	Photochemical ozone creation potential
ppm	parts per million
PROC	Process category
PTFE	Polytetrafluorethylene
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)
REACH-IT List-No.	9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
SADT	Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature
SAR	Structure Activity Relationship
SU	Sector of use
SVHC	Substances of Very High Concern
Tel.	Telephone
ThOD	Theoretical oxygen demand
TOC	Total organic carbon
TRGS	Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (=Technical Regulations for Hazardous Substances)
UN RTDG	United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
VbF	Verordnung über brennbare Flüssigkeiten (= Regulation for flammable liquids (Austria))
VOC	Volatile organic compounds
vPvB	very persistent and very bioaccumulative
WEL-TWA, WEL-STEL	WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period), WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period) (EH40, UK).
WHO	World Health Organization
wwt	wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge. No responsibility.

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